

LEARN & ACT

Resolving All Forms of **Inequality**



Contents

Introduction

1. What is inequality?
2. Global Inequality status
3. Why did global inequality arise?
4. The goal of the international community is to resolve all forms of inequality
5. Our most important task is to tackle all forms of inequality
6. Efforts of the international community to resolve all forms of inequality
7. Global inequality aggravated due to COVID-19
8. What actions can we take to help resolve all forms of inequality?



2,153 'super-rich' people in the world own more than \$1 billion in assets, which is more than the combined wealth of 4.6 billion people in the bottom **60% of the world.**



Extreme global inequality

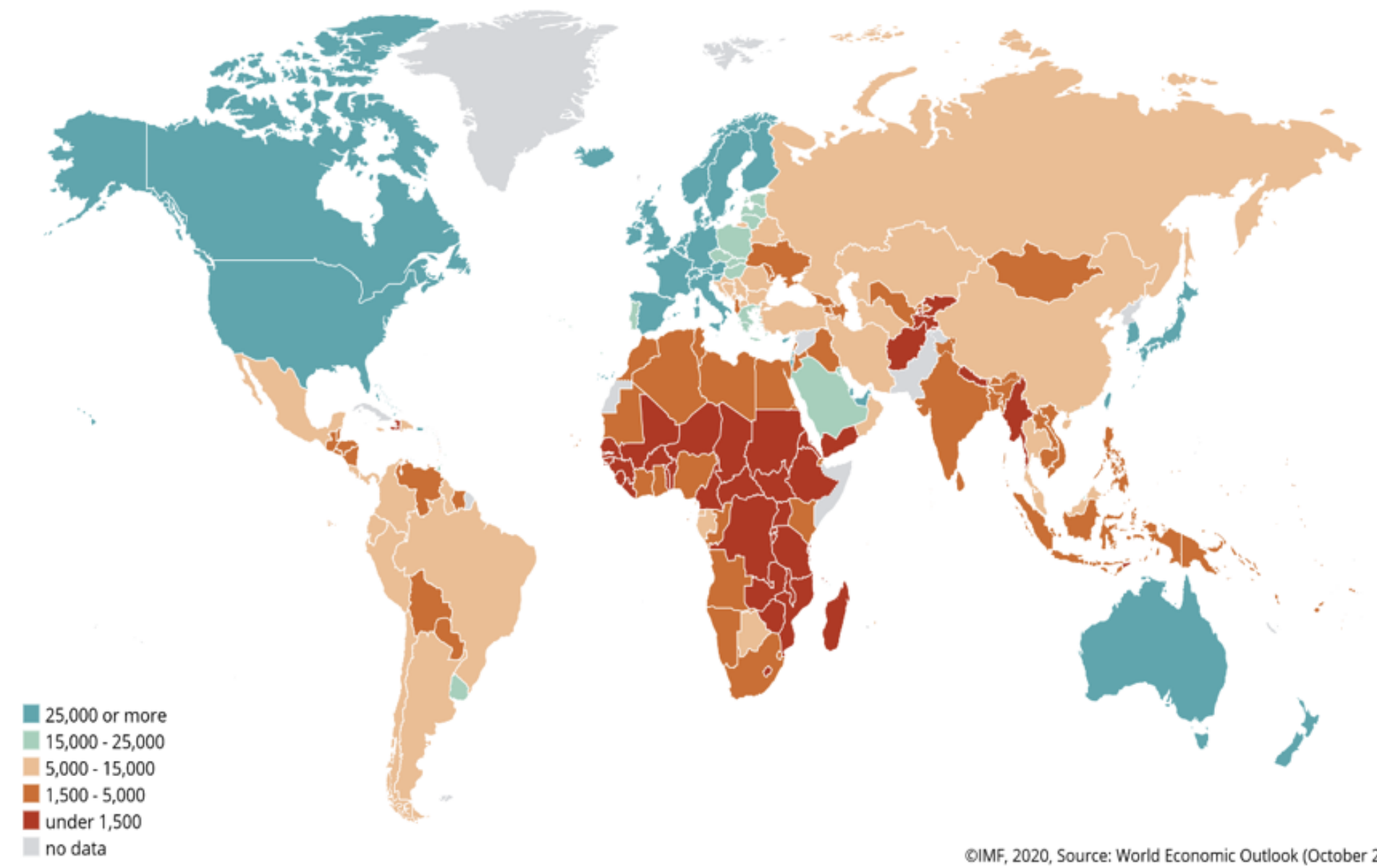
Global economic inequality map

(map of GDP per capita, 2020)

1. Which countries have low per capita GDP?
2. What is happening in these areas?

IMF DataMapper

GDP per capita, current prices (U.S. dollars per capita, 2020)

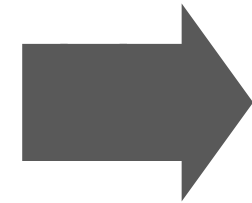


Extreme global inequality



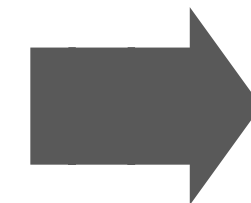
COVID-19

Economic hardship,
high unemployment rate



Inequality

Deepening inequality



Riots

Mass riots take place

1. What is inequality?

Equality: “even and consistent without discrimination”

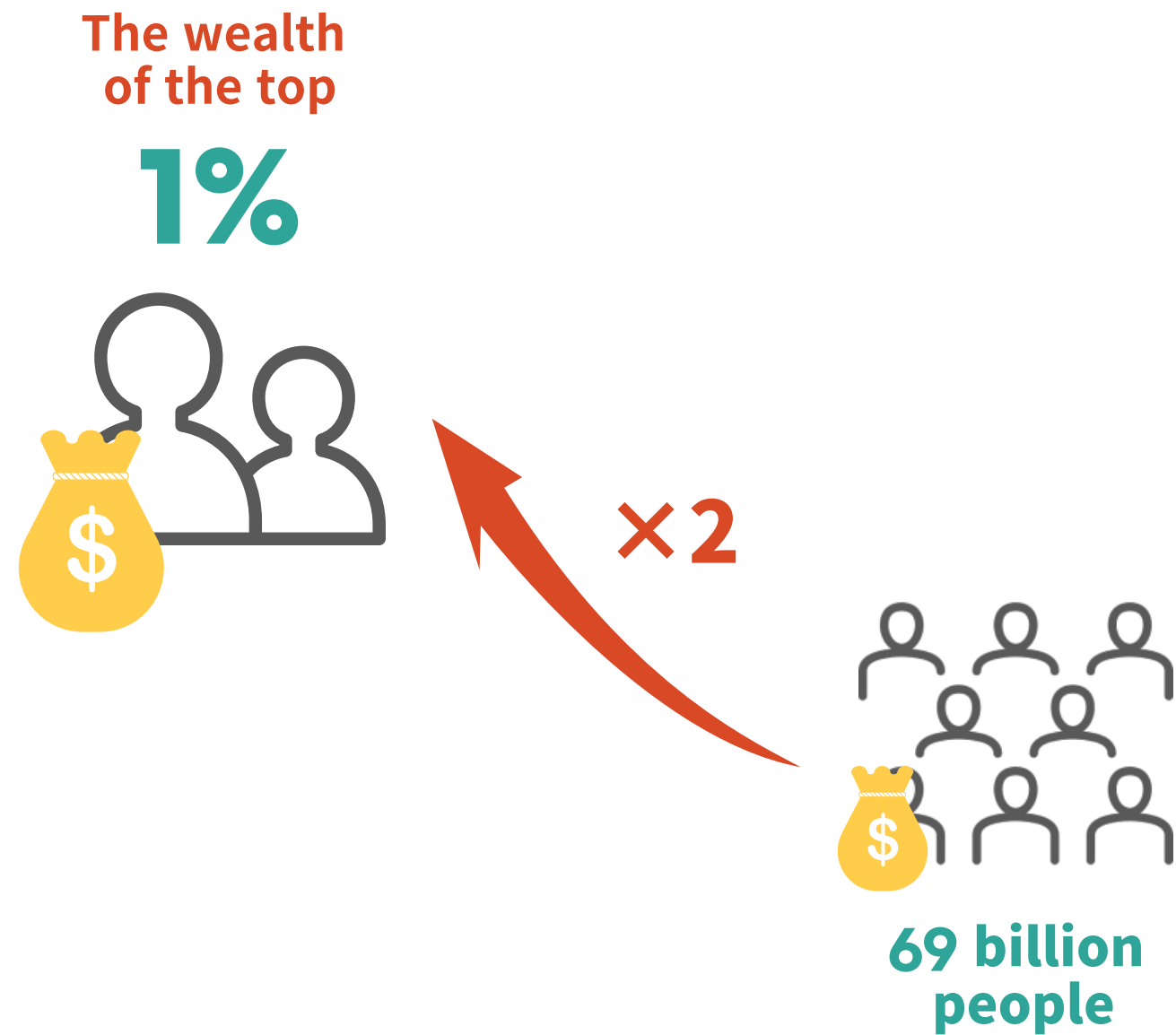
Inequality: “the state of being uneven to discrimination”

| Chains of inequality

Alienation, conflict, and poverty caused by inequality create social problems such as crime, disease and environmental pollution, and the damage makes the lives of the vulnerable more difficult.



02. Global Inequality status (1. Wealth Inequality) Source: UN, OXFAM



The wealth of the top 1% billionaires, **twice** the wealth of 6.9 billion people



Half of the world's population lives on **less than \$5.50** a day

02. Global Inequality status (2. Health Inequality) Source: UN, OXFAM



Under-five mortality rate

three times higher in developing countries than in developed countries



Maternal mortality rate

three times higher in rural areas than in urban areas



Life expectancy

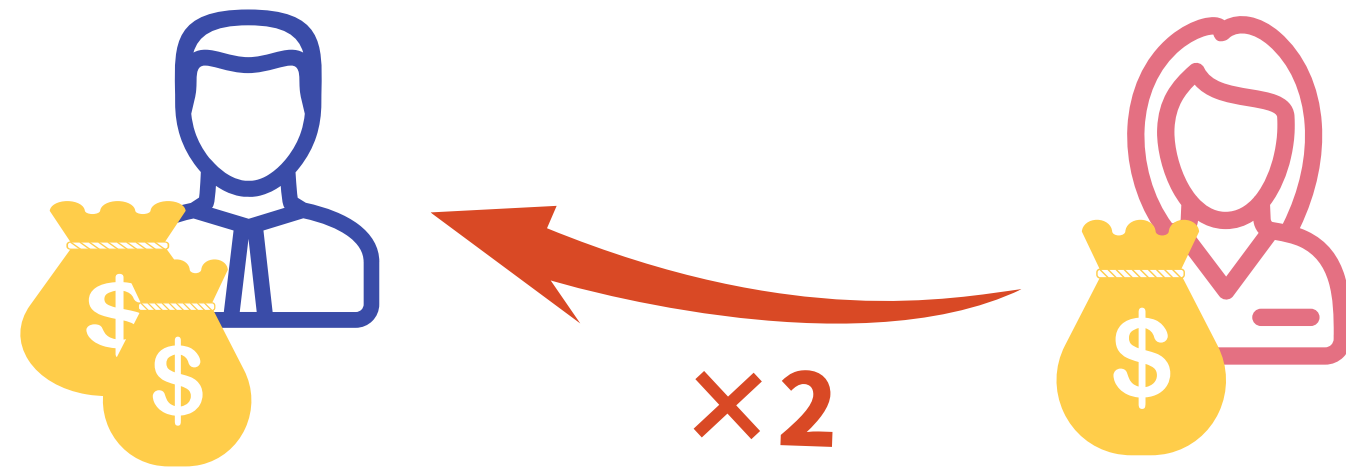
10-20 years shorter for people in poor countries than in rich countries



People with disabilities

80% are living in developing countries

Women's income
1/2 of men's income



Hours women spend on
unpaid domestic work
twice
as much as men



Why did global inequality arise?



**Political
instability**



**Corruption
due to lack
of welfare**



**Poor
economic
structure**



**Low level
of education**

04. The goal of the international community is to resolve all forms of inequality



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| Sustainable Development Goals, SDGs 10.

‘Resolving All Forms of Inequality’

Empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status.

 **SDGs 10.**

https://youtu.be/6DlQq2xLw_0

<https://youtu.be/H4pl2XcCHbw>

04. The goal of the international community is to resolve all forms of inequality

- 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 percent of the population at a rate higher than the national average.
- 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic, and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic, or another status.
- 10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies, and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies, and action in this regard.
- 10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage, and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality.
- 10.5 Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations.
- 10.6 Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable, and legitimate institutions.
- 10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular, and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies.
- 10.a Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular, least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements.
- 10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular, least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States, and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes.
- 10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 percent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 percent.



05. Our most important task is to tackle all forms of inequality!

- Fair and inclusive **‘welfare policy’**
- A fair **‘tax’** system

06. Efforts of the international community to resolve all forms of inequality

| 1. Campaign



Oxfam Campaign, Even It Up

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The Giving Pledge

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06. Efforts of the international community to resolve all forms of inequality

| 2. International organizations

1) OXFAM

An organization that creates a ‘poverty free and fair world’






2) World Bank (IBRD)

Pursuing ‘Reducing Poverty in Developing Countries and Promoting Co-Prosperity in the Entire Global Village’



06. Efforts of the international community to resolve all forms of inequality

| 3. Various ideas

-  Marshall Burke's team, 'Economy size by the strength of light'
-  Josh Silver, 'Glasses for the Poor'
-  Fashion Revolution, Who Made My Clothes?



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Vaccine inequality, widening the wealth gap 'Inequality virus'



**What actions can we take to help
resolve all forms of inequality?**

OXFAM

The Pandemic's impact on livelihoods, incomes and food systems



https://youtu.be/rAmG_9pkF3c



THANK YOU